

SNV022EC.X

Combiner Box Card

User and Installation Manual

SNV Engineering LTD

24BPapadiamantopoulouStreet • 1st floor Ilissia • Athens • Greece • 11528 Phone +30 2107779260 • Fax +30 2107703223 Site: www.snveng.gr

Document Follow-up

Action	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Written by:	TzanetatosDionysis	Engineer	08/10/2012	
Verified by:	Vaidakis Michael	General Director	08/10/2012	
Verified by:				

Versions

Indices	Date	Modification
V0.1	08/10/2012	Initial Draft Version.
V1.0	15/05/2013	Initial release version.

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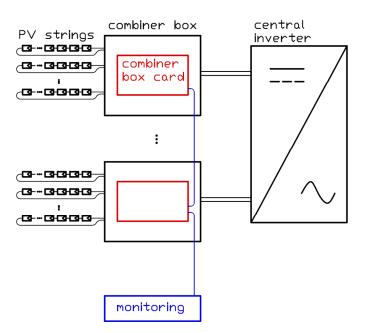
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Description

Overview

SNV022EC.A is a "combiner box" card with dc current, voltage measurement and with one digital input. It is designed to be used in photovoltaic parks with central inverters in order to connect in parallel strings and monitor string currents and voltage.



It has on board fuse holder clips for each string for both positive and negative side, avoiding extra cabling and material costs. Current collector bars are premounted and designed to be directly connected to the disconnector switch for a more clear installation and cost efficient.

Current measurement is performed on the positive side. Low thermal drift, high quality shunt resistors are used. Voltage on them is amplified through precision amplifiers and then sampled and processed by a 32bit CORTEX-M3 microcontroller at 96MHz.

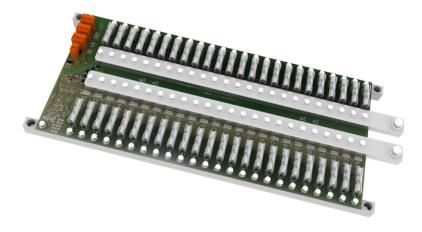
The microcontroller can deliver measurements through an isolated serial RS485 bus transceiver using Modbus protocol. It can also hold values, in order to perform simultaneous measurements through all the cards in a bus and then retrieve all the measurements. The microcontroller is also calculating the average of voltage, currents and current square values, with 667Hz sampling for each channel. The averaging period is indicated-marked by a master controller

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broadcast command. Averaged values of different cards are synchronized and then collected. Bandwidth consumption on the bus is limited, giving the ability for a prompt response of the rest requests.

A contact input is also implemented in order to monitor other component like the condition of an SPD. Board temperature is also measured and provided.



Features

The SNV022EC.A offers the following (see also specification tables):

- 24 channels
- on board fuse holder clips for positive and negative side
- on board current collector bars ready to connect to disconnection switch
- 24 independent dc current measurement at positive side
- 0 13.5A current measurement range (other ranges are available on demand)
- 0 1000V voltage measurement
- Very Low Sensing resistance on measurement channels: 10mΩ
- system voltage up to 1000Vdc
- 667Hz sampling per channel
- 1 contact input
- Board temperature measurement
- On board long time averaging and integrations
- Communication using MODBUS over RS485
- Board power consumption < 1.5W
- Operating temperatures : -20°C to +60°C
- 32bit ARM CORTEX-M3 microcontroller @ 96MHz
- CE: EMC: EN61326-1 and Safety: EN61010-1



Specifications

Electrical Characteristics

	note	min	nom	max	Unit
Power supply	Absolute	18	24	30	V dc
Consumption:					
24V DC – 0A all 24 channels			21	30	
24V DC – 13.5A all 24 channels	Note 1, 2		45	54	mΛ
18V DC – 0A all 24 channels			29	39	mA
18V DC – 13.5A all 24 channels			68	79	
18V DC – 16A all 24 channels	Abs. Max			86	
Measurement channel	each			12	mOhm
resistance	eacii			12	IIIOIIIII
Channel maximum current		-16		16	Α
Channel max working voltage	Note 3			1000	V dc
Current measurement range	Note 4	0.035	1	13.5	Α
Voltage measurement range	Note 5	1	1	1000	V

Note 1: The value is for each installed board

Note 2: The maximum number of cards to be installed in series is 127.

Note 3: Equipment pollution degree 2.

Note 4: Current values lower than 35mA are pulled down to zero Note 5: Voltage values lower than 1V are pulled down to zero

Physical & Environmental Characteristics

	Details		
Operating Temperature	-20 °C to +60 °C		
Storage Temperature	-40 °C to +100 °C		
Board Dimensions	500x230x40 mm		
LxWxH	See "User and Installation manual" Annex A		
LXVVXH	for detailed drawings		
	Meets: EN 61326-1,		
EMC – Emissions	EN 61000-6-3, EN 50081-1, EN 55011(Class A		
	ITE)		
	Meets: EN 61326-1, EN 50082-1,		
	EN61000-4-3 (Radiated EM fields immunity)		
	EN61000-4-4 (Fast transient burst (EFT))		
	EN61000-4-5 (Surges)		
EMC – Immunity	EN61000-4-6 (Conducted EM fields immunity)		
Elvic – Illillidility	Also successfully tested (Criterion A) at		
	Conducted immunity at 10Vrms, and Radiated		
	immunity at 10V/m (instead of 3Vrms and 3V/m		
	required from the above standards)		
	see accuracy report for immunity levels.		
Safety	Meets EN 61010-1		
Massurament Catagory	RATED CLASS I and RATED TRANSIENT		
Measurement Category	OVERVOLTAGES 1,5KV		
Heago	Indoor or outdoor use installed		
Usage	in a metallic and/or plastic box		



Measurement Specifications

	Details		
Maximum averaging time	15 days at 667Hz sampling		
Current measurement	0.49/ reading + 0.39/ range(13.5A)		
accuracy	0.4% reading + 0.2% range(13.5A)		
ADC resolution (12bit)	3.3mA		
Thermal Drift on board	0.04‰ / °C		
compensated(Note 6)			
Calibration current	at 5.5 A		
Voltage measurement	1%		
accuracy	170		
Calibration voltage	700 V		

Note 6: Compensation, even for averaged values, is performed before value transmission, using actual board temperature, measured by the on board temperature sensor. Long time averaging with large temperature variations could produce thermal drifts on the transmitted values respectively.

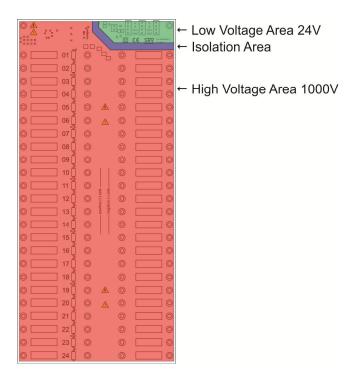
Communications and bus Specifications

Hardware layer	RS485
Communication Protocol	Modbus RTU
Default baud rate	9600 bps
Max number of nodes	128
Max suggested cable length	1200 m
Protected from Overvoltage Line Faults up to	±60V
Clamp diodes (A and B to GND)	±30V
Bus Short-Circuit Protection	Yes



Layout

The card is separated in two main areas (see figure 3).



The one (bottom side) is dedicated to the measurement of the current passing through the card and the positive and negative collector bars and to accommodation of the fuses for each string. This area is a high voltage area, where voltage is up to 1000Vdc exist.

CAUTION



To the card will be connected high voltage signals (up to 1000Vdc)

The operation and installation of the card is considered to be done from qualified personnel

The high voltage area is marked on PCB with a dash line. All area inside dash line is in high voltage (up to 1000V dc).

The other area (upper right) is the low voltage area. The Modbus interface and card power supply are connected to this area. The low voltage area is protected through a F1, 1A fuse (P/N: SF-1206F100-2)

The low voltage and high voltage areas are separated by an isolation area.



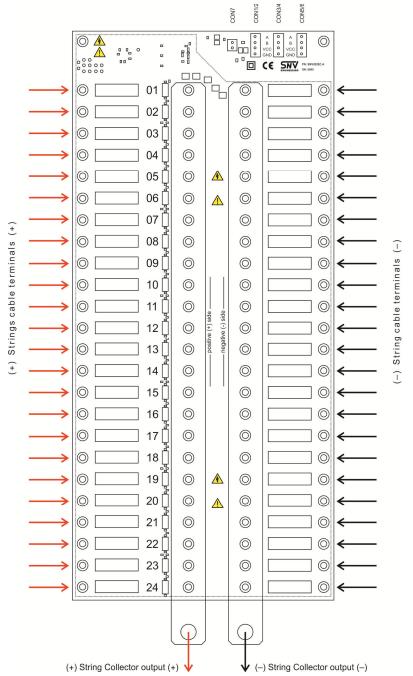


Figure 1: CMC SNV022EC.ATopology Diagram.

The SNV022EC.A uses the connectors CON1/CON2, CON3/CON4 and CON5/CON6 to connect to the bus and power supply (see table 1).

These connectors are equivalent (terminals are common) and can be used as bus/power supply input or output to the next card in the chain or install terminal/bias resistors.

Connector CON7 has two pins to connect a dry contact (switch). The connector CON7 is used to monitor a switch or a sensor acting as a switch (ex. surge protection, door opening, disconnector trip etc.).





CAUTION

At the connectors CON1/CON2, CON3/CON4, CON5/CON6 and CON7 should be connected only to safety extra low voltage systems.

The connections for the connectors CON1/CON2, CON3/CON4,CON5/CON6 and CON7 are listed in the table 1.

Connector	Pin Number	Description	Comments
CON7	Pin 1	Pin1	Day and at in and
8	Pin 2	Pin2	Dry contact input
9	Pin 4	BUS A	TxD+/RxD+
CON5/CON6	Pin 3	BUS B	TxD-/RxD-
:ON5/	Pin 2	VCC	24Vdc
O	Pin 1	GND	Ground
4	Pin 4	BUS A	TxD+/RxD+
CON3/CON4	Pin 3	BUS B	TxD-/RxD-
:0N3/	Pin 2	VCC	24Vdc
O	Pin 1	GND	Ground
2	Pin 4	BUS A	TxD+/RxD+
/CON	Pin 3	BUS B	TxD-/RxD-
CON1/CON2	Pin 2	VCC	24Vdc
C	Pin 1	GND	Ground

Table 1: CMC Connectors Description

The connector plugs used are equivalent to the ones listed in the following table:

Connector Ref	Manufacturer	Manufacturer P/N
For CON1/CON2	FCI	20020006-H041B01LF
For CON3/CON4	FCI	20020006-H041B01LF
For CON5/CON6	FCI	20020006-H041B01LF
For CON7	FCI	20020006-H021B01LF

Table 2: Connectors Description



Ordering Information

Listed below are part numbers for the Current Measurement Card and available accessories.

Cards are provided with collector bars mounted and mounting bars as a whole. Separate part numbers for collector bars and mounting bars are provided only for replacements.

Item	Part Number			
24 channels card	SNV022EC.A			
Collector AL bar	SNV022M.005			
Collector AL bar, larger terminal opening	SNV022M.013			
Mounting bar, terminals side	SNV022M.002			
Mounting bar, collector bar side	SNV022M.004			
16 channels card	SNV022EC.B			
Collector AL bar	SNV022M.017			
Mounting bar, terminals side	SNV022M.020			
Mounting bar, collector bar side	SNV022M.022			
(according to drawings, see ANNEX A)				

Table 3: CMC ordering information



Safety instructions

The Combiner Box Card, SNV022EC.A is designed and manufactured to be functionally safe for persons who operate or service it. Potential hazards are addressed by a combination of careful system design and appropriate warning labels.

However, during its operation, high voltages apply on the card. As a consequence, the card is capable of causing serious personnel injury and damage to equipment, if installed, operated, or serviced improperly.

CAUTION



To the card will be connected high voltage signals (up to 1000Vdc)

The installation is considered to be done from qualified personnel

The card should be installed in such a way that there is no access to it by hand neither from the cables part nor from any other place

CAUTION





>= 8mmgap from grounded plates

>= 15mm gap from non-grounded plates

<u>Note:</u> The gap is defined as the distance between relevant plate, or other element and the card routes, or components' pins, or the highest component mounted on the card, including any other conducting element, like bolts, nuts, bar, cables and cable terminals fixed on the card

SNV does not assume liability for the customer's failure to comply with established procedures. Read this chapter before you perform any operations or installation of the card.

If the equipment used in a manner not specified by the instructions of user manual, the protection provided by the card may be impaired.

SNV's equipment is designed to, and reviewed, against to CE Safety and EMC standards. These standards incorporate applicable electrical codes and safety regulations.

This manual contains information and warnings which users must follow for safe operation and to keep the apparatus in safe condition.



Even when the apparatus is not connected to its power supply, terminals can be electrically live, and the opening of covers or removal of parts is likely to expose live parts.

The card must be disconnected from all voltage sources before it is disassembled for anyadjustment, replacement, maintenance, or repair.

The following symbols appear in various places on the card to call your attention to hazardsor to indicate that you should consult the manuals for further information.

Safety Symbols



Double insulation or reinforced insulation.



CAUTION RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK



CAUTION RISK OF DANGER

<u>Note</u> When an equipment is marked with this symbol the documentation must always be consulted, in order to find out the nature of the potential HAZARD and any actions which have to be taken



Installation

Overview

The below installation procedure is proposed by SNV Engineering in order to ensure the good and safe operation of the card.

In case that the described procedure is not followed, SNV Engineering is not responsible from any caused damages or injury.

Card has DC current measurement channels with current output terminal common.

CAUTION



To the card will be connected to high voltage signals (up to 1000Vdc)

The installation is considered to be done from qualified personnel

The card should be installed in such a way that there is no access to it by hand neither from the cables part nor from any other place

CAUTION





>= 10mm gap from grounded plates

>= 20mm gap from non-grounded plates

<u>Note:</u> The gap is defined as the distance between relevant plate, or other element and the card routes, or components' pins, or the highest component mounted on the card, including any other conducting element, like bolts, nuts, bar, cables and cable terminals fixed on the card

Connector CON7 is a dry contact input, having two states depending the contact of the connector's two pins or not.



CAUTION

No voltage should be applied to any of the two pins of CON7



Communication bus and power supply provision

Card uses RS485 bus for data communication. Cards are connected to the bus in series using twisted pair cable. There are three equivalent connectors (CON1/CON2, CON3/CON4 and CON5/CON6) to facilitate connection of multiple cards in series.

It is suggested to connect all cards in series in a "line", preferable with the master controller in the middle. If not convenient a star topology, with the master controller in the center, may work depending of the cable length, the number of the lines, and their relative lengths. In any case all the terminal nodes must be terminated with the appropriate resistor. Bias resistors also must be installed.

RS485 transceiver used supports up to 128 nodes; hence up to 127 boards can be connected to the same bus. The total length of the cable used for the boards interconnection is suggested not to exceed 1200m, when bus repeaters are not used.

The same cable can be used for the power supply of the cards, using an extra pair. The power supply source should be 24Vdc and the current capacity should not exceed 5A. The card has power supply inverse polarity protection.

Inspection and handling

Visually inspect the Card before installing it, for any defect or damage.

Immediately notify the carrier if any damage is apparent.



CAUTION

Proper ESD handling procedures must always be used when packing, unpacking or installing the card. Failure to do so may cause damage to the unit.

Preparation

Card mounting and support

Current measurement channel and common terminals are connected with M5 bolts through ϕ 5.5 holes on the card. There are also two additional holes at the plug connector side only for mounting.

The card is mounted on "mounting bars" (see ordering information and drawings in ANNEX A).

If other material is applied, than those supplied by SNV, the following specifications should at least comply:



- ensure following gap, defined as the distance between relevant plate, or other element and the card routes, or components' pins, or the highest component mounted on the card, including any other conducting element, like bolts, nuts, bar, cables and cable terminals fixed on the card.
 - >= 10mm gap from grounded plates
 - >= 20mm gap from non-grounded plates
- ensure dielectric strength >3.5kV
- ensure flammability rating better than 94V1.
- ensure operating temperature range and aging strength depending application specifications.

All M5 bolts must be tight with torque 3-4 Nm, to ensure the conductivity. Use plain washer (DIN125) and above lock washer (DIN127) between ring terminal or common bar and bolt head. Do not apply lock washer directly on the card.



Housing preparation

The box where the card is installed is considered to be a metallic and/or plastic box.

In case of not using self-tapping screws, the plate of the box is suggested to have a drilling pattern like the one shown in figure 4, for the mounting of the card.



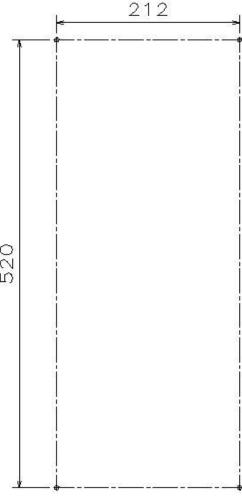


Figure 2: Drilling pattern

Cables and fuses

The cables should be properly selected and sized according to the application specifications. Voltage must not exceed 1000VDC. A **fuse 10x38 gPV type** must be installed on the card fuse clips, with rated current up to 16A, appropriate voltage rating.



CAUTION

Voltage must not exceed 1000VDC. A fuse must be installed for each current measurement channel separately, with rated current up to 16A.

For the preparation of the cables connected to the current channels the IPC-620 have to be followed by the installer.

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The cables should be connected to the current channels using ring terminals and lock washers above the ring terminal.

Connectors plug preparation

The connector plugs to be used are those listed in table 2 or equivalent.

For the preparation of the cables connected to the plugs the IPC-620 have to be followed by the installer.

Plugs should be connected with cables while unplugged.

Card Installation

During the installation of the card any power source is prohibited.

The proposed installation steps for the SNV022EC.A are the following and illustrated in the figures 5 to 8:

- Mount the assembled card to the back plate using four screws (self-taped or normal) in the appropriate position depending to main switch. (figure 5)
- 2. Connect collector bars to main switch using the appropriate bolts.
- 3. Fixing the cable terminal rings with bolts M5 on mounting bar with torque of 3-4 Nm (figure 6).
- 4. Install fuses 10x38 gPV type up to 16A using the appropriate tool. Ensure that the main switch is off. (figure 7).
- 5. Plug connectors CON1/CON2, CON3/CON4, CON5/CON6 and CON7 on the card as required. (figure 8).



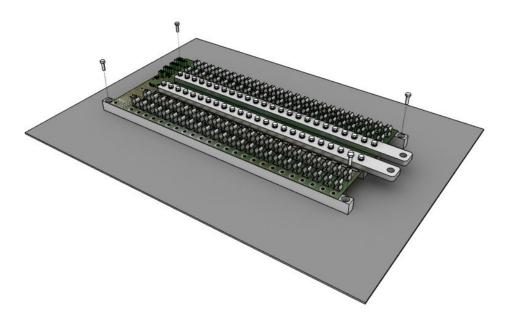


Figure 3: Mount the card

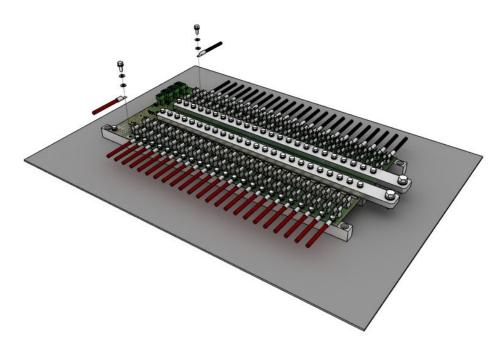


Figure 4: Install cables



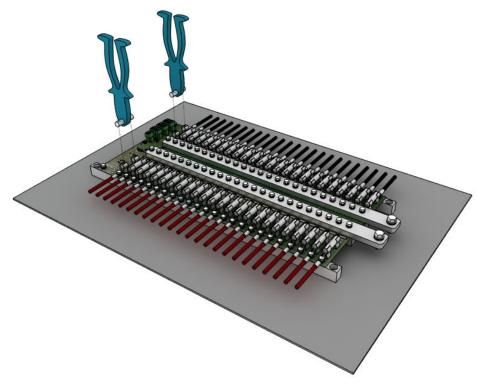


Figure 5: Install the fuses

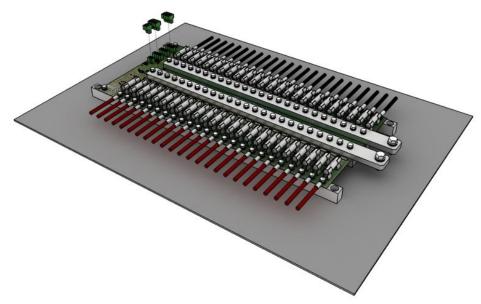


Figure 6: Place the connectors for bus and indicator



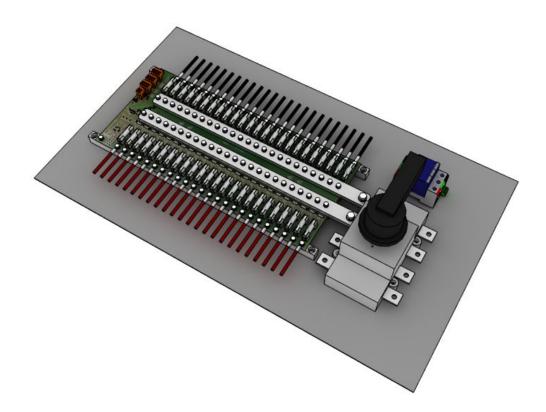
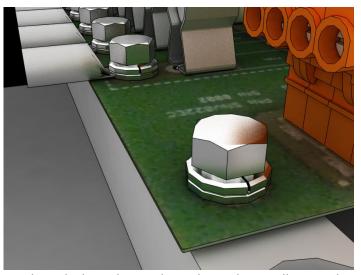


Figure 7: Mounting the common current cable on the CMC SNV022EC.A



All screws must have lock washer and simple washer as illustrated in the above picture.

Card replacement

During the replacement of the card any power source is prohibited.



Dimensions

The Combiner Box Card SNV022EC.A dimensions are:

LxWxH in mm \rightarrow 500x230x40 (without collector and mounting bars)

→520x230x40 (with collector and mounting bars)

The Combiner Box Card SNV022EC.B dimensions are:

LxWxH in mm → 348x230x40 (without collector and mounting bars)

→ 368x250x40 (with collector and mounting bars)

See drawing for more details.



Operation

Fuse replacement

The suggesting steps to replace fuse are:

- 1. See the safety instructions for high voltage areas. Ensure that you have/wear all the appropriate equipment.
- 2. Switch off the main switch.
- 3. Use the appropriate tool to remove the fuses. Careful not to connect the conductors that are near.
- 4. Use the appropriate tool to install the new fuse. Careful not to connect the conductors that are near.
- 5. Switch on the main switch.



Communication and Monitoring

For communication, MODBUS protocol over an RS485 serial line is implemented (RTU mode @9600bps). See further "MODBUS Application Protocol Specification v1.1b" and "MODBUS over Serial Line Specification and Implementation Guide v1.02".

Data can be read through "16bit input registers". Commands are sending by writing "Holding registers". Three commands are implemented: "hold", "mark" and "change address". Hold command transfer "instant current" values to "current holded values". Command can be send with a broadcast write, acquiring a snapshot of all the currents from all the cards in the bus.

Mark command initiates averaging and at the same time terminates previous averaging and transfers the result to the relevant registers. It is suggested to broadcast periodically the "mark" command, with the desired period (as for example 10 mins), and during each period read and store the averaged data.



Modbus Memory Map

The memory map of the card is describing in the following table:

	16bit input registers (use Modbus function 4)						
Address							
dec	h	ex	Type	pe Units Description		Channel	
0	0x	000	Classi	Amperes		4	
1	0x	001	float			1	
2	0x	002	float	Amperes		2	
3	0x	003	noat	Amperes			
4	0x	004	float	Amperes		3	
5	0x	005		,	.	-	
6	0x	006	float	Amperes	ren	4	
7 8	0x 0x	007 008			cur		
9	0x	009	float	Amperes	ant	5	
10	0x	00A			instant current		
11	0x	00B	float	Amperes	· -	6	
12	0x	00C	Class	A		7	
13	0x	00D	float	Amperes		7	
14	0x	00E	float	Amperes		8	
15	0x	00F	HOAL	Amperes		0	
16	0x	010	float	Amperes		9	
17	0x	011					
18	0x	012	float	Amperes		10	
19	0x	013		·			
20 21	0x 0x	014 015	float	Amperes		11	
22	0x	016		oat Amperes			
23	0x	017	float			12	
24	0x	018	<i>c</i>			40	
25	0x	019	float	Amperes		13	
26	0x	01A	float	Amperes		14	
27	0x	01B	iioat	Amperes		14	
28	0x	01C	float	Amperes		15	
29	0x	01D					
30	0x	01E	float	Amperes		16	
31	0x	01F		•			
32	0x 0x	020 021	float	Amperes		17	
34	0x 0x	021					
35	0x	023	float	Amperes		18	
36	0x	024	CI.				
37	0x	025	float	Amperes		19	
38	0x	026	float	Amperes		20	



		16bit	input	registers (use N	lodbus funct	tion 4)
Ac	ddress					
dec	he	X	Туре	Units	Description	Channel
39		027				
40		028			-	
41		029	float	Amperes		21
42		02A			-	
43		02B	float	Amperes		22
44		02C			-	
45		02D	float	Amperes		23
46		02E			-	
47		02F	float	Amperes		24
48		030				
49		031	float			
50		032			1	
51		033	float			
52		034				
53		035	float		not used – returns zero	
54		036			su.	
55		037	float		tur	
56		038			- e	
57		039	float		- pa	
58		03A			nsn	
59		03B	float		not	
60		03C			1 -	
61		03D	float			
62		03E			1	
63		03F	float			
64		040				
65		041	float	Amperes		1
66		042			1	
67		043	float	Amperes		2
68		044			1	
69		045	float	Amperes		3
70		046			1	
71		047	float	Amperes	ged	4
72		048	61		current averaged	_
73		049	float	Amperes	аvє	5
74		04A	6.		int	_
75		04B	float	Amperes	7.LL	6
76		04C	6.		† ປັ	_
77		04D	float	Amperes		7
78		04E	6.		1	
79		04F	float	Amperes		8
80		050	CI.		1	
81		051	float	Amperes		9
82		052	float	Amperes	1 !	10



	16b	it input	registers (use N	odbus funct	tion 4)
А	Address				
dec	hex	Type	Units	Description	Channel
83	0x 053				
84	0x 054			-	
85	0x 055	float	Amperes		11
86	0x 056	+		_	
87	0x 050	float	Amperes		12
88	0x 057			-	
89	0x 059	float	Amperes		13
90	0x 053			╡	
91	0x 05A	float	Amperes		14
92	0x 05C			-	
	0x 05D	float	Amperes		15
93				-	
94	0x 05E	float	Amperes		16
95	0x 05F		•	-	
96	0x 060	float	Amperes		17
97	0x 061			4	
98	0x 062	float	Amperes		18
99	0x 063			4	_
100	0x 064	float	Amperes		19
101	0x 065	1		_	
102	0x 066	float	Amperes		20
103	0x 067				
104	0x 068	float	Amperes		21
105	0x 069	11001	7 imperes		
106	0x 06A	float	Amperes		22
107	0x 06B	nout	Amperes		
108	0x 06C	float	Amperes		23
109	0x 06D	Hoat	Amperes	_	25
110	0x 06E	float	Amnoros		24
111	0x 06F	iioat	Amperes		<u> </u>
112	0x 070	float			
113	0x 071	iioat		_	
114	0x 072	float			
115	0x 073	IIUat			
116	0x 074	float		not used – returns zero	
117	0x 075	float		US Z	
118	0x 076	fla - ±		ţnuı	
119	0x 077	float		ref	
120	0x 078	£1 1		p	
121	0x 079	float		nse	
122	0x 07A	£I		oti	
123	0x 07B	float			
124	0x 07C	C:		1	
125	0x 07D	float			
126	0x 07E	float		╡	
	J, L			1	



	16bi	t input	registers (use M	odbus funct	tion 4)
А	ddress				
dec	hex	Type	Units	Description	Channel
127	0x 07F				
128	0x 080				
129	0x 080	float	Amperes		1
130	0x 081			1	
131	0x 082	float	Amperes		2
132	0x 083			-	
133	0x 085	float	Amperes		3
134	0x 085	+ +		-	
135		float	Amperes		4
136				-	
	0x 088	float	Amperes		5
137	0x 089			-	
138	0x 08A	float	Amperes		6
139	0x 08B		-	-	
140	0x 08C	float	Amperes		7
141	0x 08D		•	-	
142	0x 08E	float	Amperes		8
143	0x 08F		•	-	
144	0x 090	float	Amperes	ged	9
145	0x 091				
146	0x 092	float	Amperes	irag	10
147	0x 093			ave	
148	0x 094	float	Amperes	eq	11
149	0x 095		<u>'</u>	nar	
150	0x 096	float	Amperes	sd	12
151	0x 097		<u>'</u>	ent	
152	0x 098	float	at Amperes	current squared averaged	13
153	0x 099				_
154	0x 09A	float	Amperes		14
155	0x 09B				
156	0x 09C	float	Amperes		15
157	0x 09D				
158	0x 09E	float	Amperes		16
159	0x 09F		,pci co]	10
160	0x 0A0	float	Amperes		17
161	0x 0A1		,ipcico]	/
162	0x 0A2	float	Amperes		18
163	0x 0A3	noat	Amperes		10
164	0x 0A4	float	Amperes		19
165	0x 0A5	noat	Antiperes]	1.5
166	0x 0A6	float	Amperes		20
167	0x 0A7	noat	Alliperes]	20
168	0x 0A8	float	Amnores		21
169	0x 0A9	HUdl	Amperes]	<u> </u>
170	0x 0AA	float	Amperes		22



	16bi	t input	registers (use M	lodbus func	tion 4)
Δ	ddress				
dec	hex	Type	Units	Description	Channel
171	0x 0AB				
172	Ox OAC			1	
173	0x 0AD	float	Amperes		23
174	0x 0AE			=	
175	0x 0AF	float	Amperes		24
176	0x 0B0	<u> </u>			
177	0x 0B1	float			
178	0x 0B2	£1 +			
179	0x 0B3	float			
180	0x 0B4	floot		2	
181	0x 0B5	float		, ze	
182	0x 0B6	float		i i i	
183	0x 0B7	IIUat		not used – returns zero	
184	0x 0B8	float		<u> </u>	
185	0x 0B9	Hoat		sec	
186	Ox OBA	float		t u	
187	Ox OBB	Hoat		Ĭ	
188	0x 0BC	float			
189	0x 0BD	nout			
190	Ox OBE	float			
191	0x 0BF				
192	0x 0C0	float	Amperes		1
193	0x 0C1	nout	- Amperes		1
194	0x 0C2	float	Amperes		2
195	0x 0C3			_	
196	0x 0C4	float	Amperes		3
197	0x 0C5			- -	
198	0x 0C6	float	Amperes		4
199	0x 0C7		•	S	
200	0x 0C8	float	Amperes	lne	5
201	0x 0C9		-	current holded values	
202	0x 0CA	float	Amperes	дес	6
203	0x 0CB			- lod	
204	0x 0CC	float	Amperes	int	7
205	0x 0CD			ırre	
207	0x 0CE	float	Amperes	ರ	8
207	0x 0CF			-	
209	0x 0D0	float	Amperes		9
210	0x 0D1			-	
211	0x 0D2	float	Amperes		10
212	0x 0D3			-	
213	0x 0D4	float	Amperes		11
214	0x 0D6	float	Amperes		12



		16bit	t input	registers (use M	odbus func	tion 4)
Δ	ddre	SS				
dec	r	nex	Type	Units	Description	Channel
215	0x	0D7				
216	0x	0D8				
217	0x	0D9	float	Amperes		13
218	0x	0DA	_			
219	0x	0DB	float	Amperes		14
220	0x	0DC	<i>c</i> ı .			
221	0x	0DD	float	Amperes		15
222	0x	0DE	floot	A		10
223	0x	0DF	float	Amperes		16
224	0x	0E0	float	Amnoros		17
225	0x	0E1	Hoat	Amperes		17
226	0x	0E2	float	Amperes		18
227	0x	0E3	Hout	7111100103		
228	0x	0E4	float	Amperes		19
229	0x	0E5		,p c. cc		
230	0x	0E6	float	Amperes		20
231	0x	0E7				_
232	0x	0E8	float	Amperes		21
233	0x	0E9		•		
234	0x	0EA	float	Amperes		22
235 236	0x	0EB 0EC				
237	0x 0x	0ED	float	Amperes		23
238	0x 0x	0EE				
239	0x	0EF	float	Amperes		24
240	0x	0F0				
241	0x	0F1	float			
242	0x	0F2				
243	0x	0F3	float			
244	0x	0F4	£1		2	
245	0x	0F5	float		ze:	
246	0x	0F6	flest		not used – returns zero	
247	0x	0F7	float		etu	
248	0x	0F8	float		<u></u>	
249	0x	0F9	noat		sed	
250	0x	0FA	float)t u	
251	0x	0FB	noat		μ	
252	0x	0FC	float			
253	0x	0FD				
254	0x	OFE .	float			
255	0x	0FF				
256	0x	100	float	Celsius	ter	mperature
257	0x	101				•
258	0x	102	float	Volt	syst	em voltage



	16bit input registers (use Modbus function 4)							
A	Address		Tuno	Units	Description	Channel		
dec	he	ex	Type	Units	Description	Channel		
259	0x	103						
260	0x	104	float	Volt	system volt	age averaged value		
261	0x	105	Hoat	VOIL	System voit	age averaged value		
262	0x	106	float	Volt	system voltage holded value			
263	0x	107	HOat	Volt	system voi	tage Holded value		

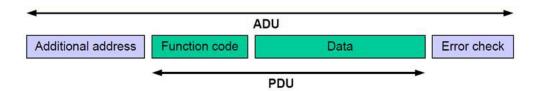
	coils (use MODBUS function 1)						
dec	Addres	ss nex	Туре	Units	Description		
0	0x	00	bit	-	Dry contact input (1-contact / 0-no contact)		

	holding registers (MODBUS function 16)											
P	Address	Туре	Description									
dec	hex	Туре	Description									
0	0x 00	Hi byte	Commands: "hold"(0x01) or "mark"(0x02) or "change address"(0x0A)									
		UX UU	UX UU	UX UU	UX UU	UX UU	UX UU	UX UU	UX UU	UX UU	UX UU	Lo byte
1	1 0x 01	Hi byte	if command is "change address", then set new target address									
		Lo byte	if command is "change address", then set new target address									

MODBUS Functions

Modbus package structure:





For protocol description see "MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL SPECIFICATION v1.1b". Implemented Modbus functions are as in the following table.

MODBUS FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
1 (0x01)	Read Coils
4 (0x04)	Read Input Registers
8 (0x08)	Diagnostics
16 (0x10)	Write Multiple Registers
17 (0x11)	Report Slave ID (Serial Line only)
20 (0x14)	Read File Record
21 (0x15)	Write File Record
43 (0x2B) (0x0E)	Read Device Identification



CAUTION

Do not use functions 20 and 21, can cause damage to card.

Functions 20 and 21 are used for device calibration.



Technical Assistance

If you need technical assistance or should it be necessary to return your product for repair or calibration use the contact details below:

SNV Engineering Ltd

Papadiamantopoulou 24B

11528 Athens, Greece

web site: www.snveng.gr

email: snv@snveng.gr

tel: +30 210 7779260

fax: +30 210 7703223

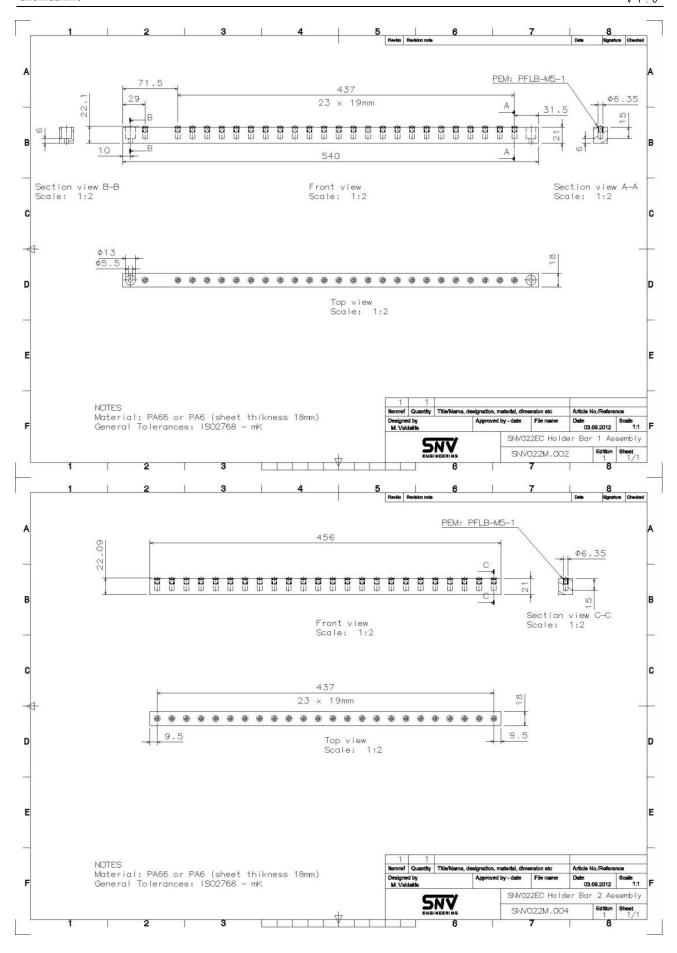


Annex A – Drawings

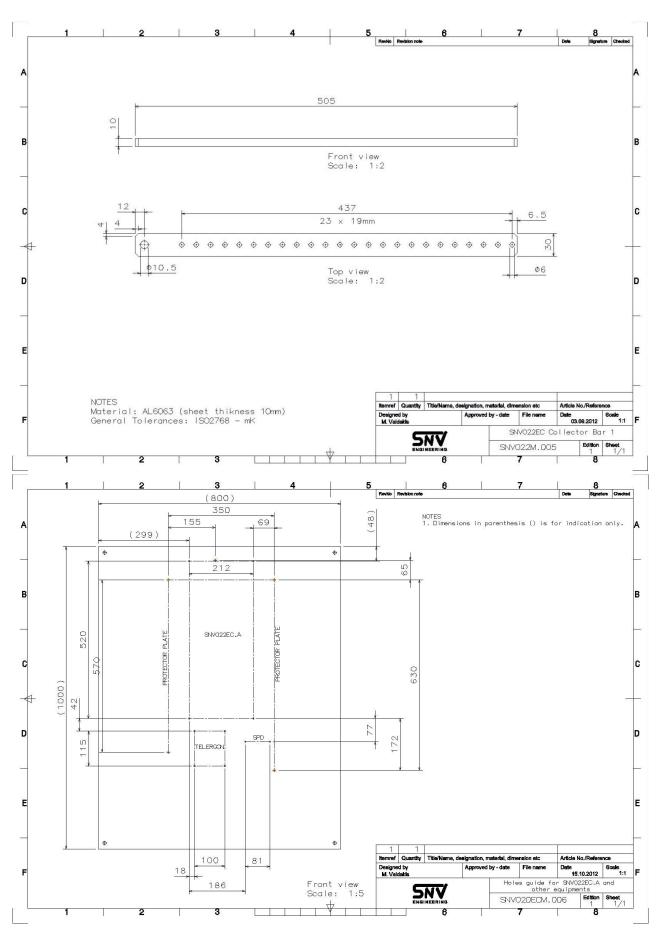
List of drawings:

No	Reference No	Description
1	SNV022M.002	SNV022EC.A Holder Bar 1 Assembly
2	SNV022M.004	SNV022EC.A Holder Bar 2 Assembly
3	SNV022M.005	SNV022EC.A Collector Bar 1
4	SNV022M.006	SNV022EC.A Back Plate holes guide
5	SNV022M.020	SNV022EC.B Holder Bar 1 Assembly
6	SNV022M.022	SNV022EC.B Holder Bar 2 Assembly
7	SNV022M.017	SNV022EC.B Collector Bar 1
8	SNV022M.025	SNV022EC.B Back Plate holes guide
9	SNV022M.026	SNV022EC.B Assembly layout
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		

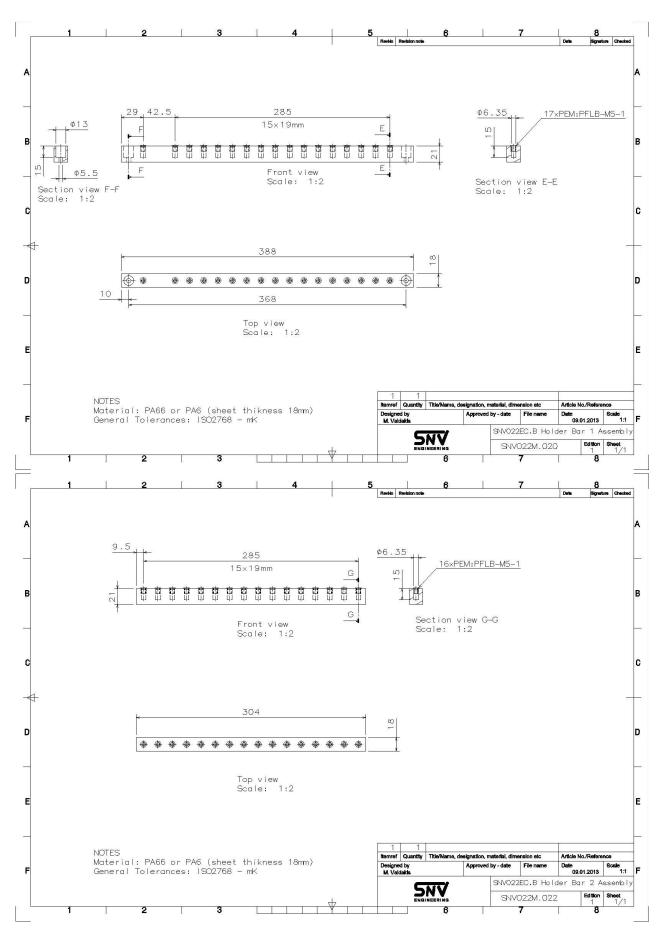




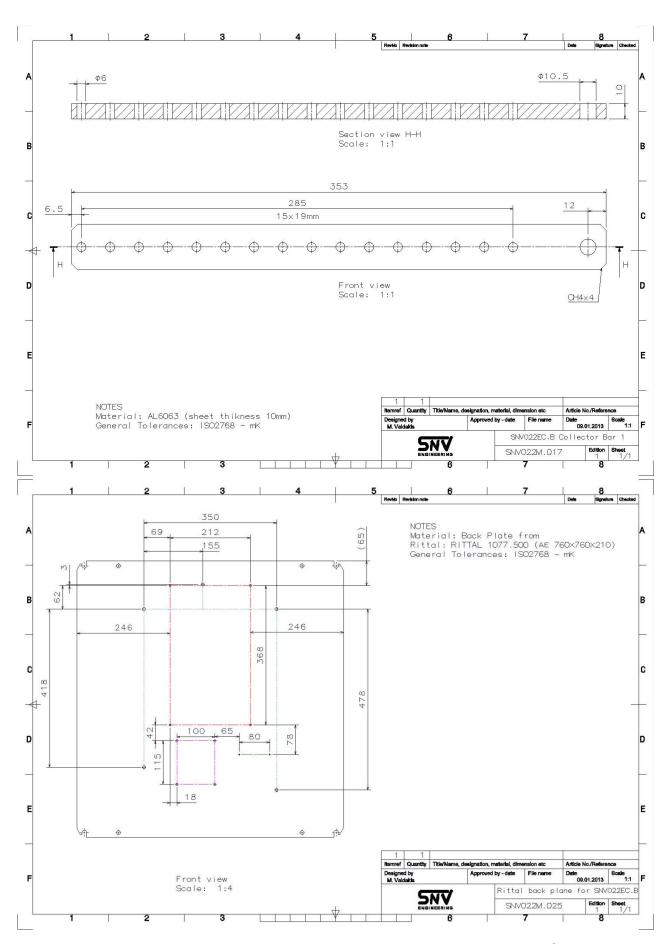




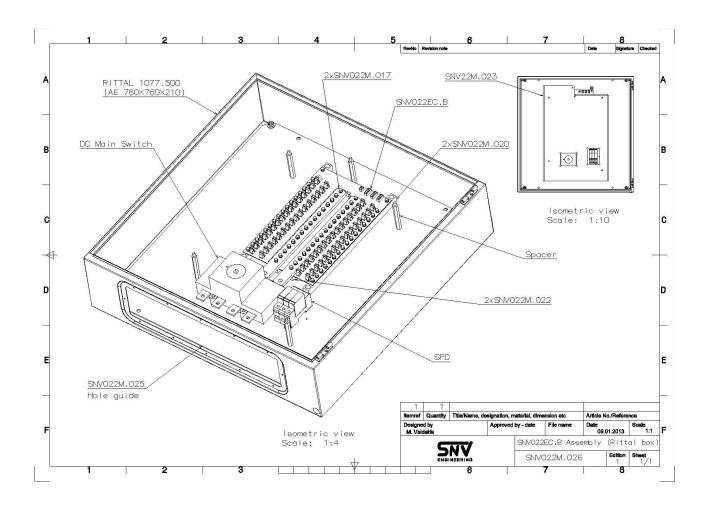








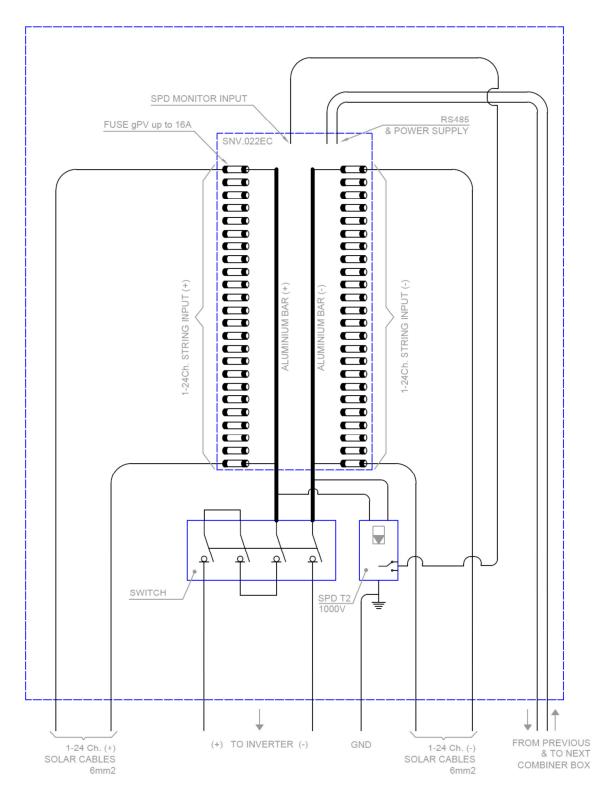






Annex B – Recommended board integration

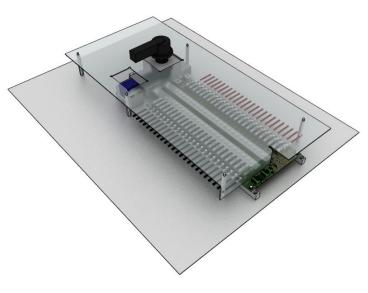
Single line diagram

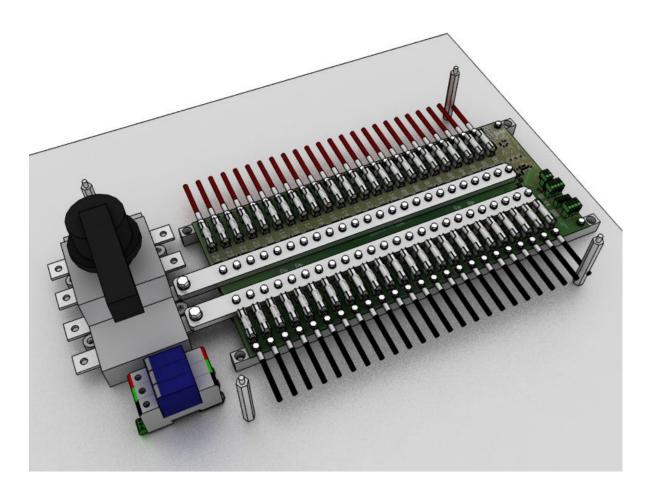




3D views









Photos

